



3G/HD-SDI Premium

Technical Manual



P/N – TV10 0090: 3G/HD-SDI **Premium** interface board for LVDS zoom cameras

P/N – TV50 0020: Mounting kit for TV10 0090 – 3G/HD-SDI Premium I/F board

Includes: 30-way micro-coax camera cable, 2-way cable (power supply), 10-way cable (RS232/TTL/Analog output), 7-way cable (GPIOs), right angle black anodized bracket, screws and spacers

P/N – TV50 0021: Cable kit for TV10 0090 – 3G/HD-SDI Premium I/F board

Includes: 30-way micro-coax camera cable, 2-way cable (power supply), 10-way cable (RS232/TTL/Analog output)

Available connectors: Default (BNC), VOPTM02 (MCX connector), VOPTM03 (SMB connector), VOPTM04 (No connector)

Table of content

| | |
|---|----|
| Revision History | 3 |
| Key features..... | 4 |
| General description..... | 4 |
| Benefits of this solution..... | 5 |
| Block diagram..... | 5 |
| Video acquisition..... | 5 |
| Communication..... | 6 |
| Power supply | 6 |
| Accessing the video..... | 6 |
| Quick setup..... | 6 |
| Video characteristics | 7 |
| Introduction on video formats..... | 7 |
| LVDS video input supported resolutions..... | 7 |
| SDI video output..... | 8 |
| Analog video output..... | 8 |
| System configuration..... | 10 |
| Communication..... | 10 |
| To the camera | 10 |
| To the internal registers | 12 |
| Control camera video format..... | 14 |
| GPIOs..... | 15 |
| Board status..... | 15 |
| Connectors..... | 16 |
| Form factor | 17 |
| Troubleshooting..... | 18 |
| Get hardware and software version..... | 18 |
| Update via UART..... | 18 |
| Common issues..... | 19 |
| Annex..... | 20 |
| Annex 1: FPGA temperature table..... | 20 |
| Annex 2: Video format table | 21 |

Revision History

| Date | Revision | Description | Modified by | Note |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--------------------|-------------|
| 07/02/23 | A | Creation of the document | CBO | |
| 19/01/24 | B | Document refactoring | CBO | |
| 12/06/24 | C | Add REG_CAM_UART_BYPASS Change DIP switch video format Change SD input format needed | CBO | |
| 28/02/25 | D | Change document graphical chart | CBO | |
| 08/10/25 | E | Add GPIO management part and progressive to interlaced conversion registers | CBO | |

Key features

- 3G-SDI SMPTE 424M, HD-SDI 292 M
- Video resolution up to 1080p60
- Analog video output selectable:
 - Composite video (CVBS)
 - S-Video (Y/C)
 - Component video (YPbPr)
- PAL and NTSC compliant output with multiple format possibilities: Letter box, Squeeze or Crop
- Communication UART – RS232/TTL using VISCA
- Setup & Update via UART
- Video mode selection by DIP switches
- Power supply 7V-12VDC
- Consumption under 6W with camera
- Automatic LVDS & format camera recognition
- Add-on connector for custom functionalities
- Operating temperature [0°C; 60°C]

General description

3G-SDI technology is the first established standard providing sufficient bandwidth to transmit uncompressed high-definition video signals from camera to screen.

Using coaxial cables with very low power loss, enables video transmission over 100 meters. This distance can be increased up to 300 meters using equalization at the receiver.

The 3G-SDI Premium converts the native LVDS video signal from camera blocks to 3G-SDI. It takes advantage of a high quality, low jitter, and uncompressed SDI stream.

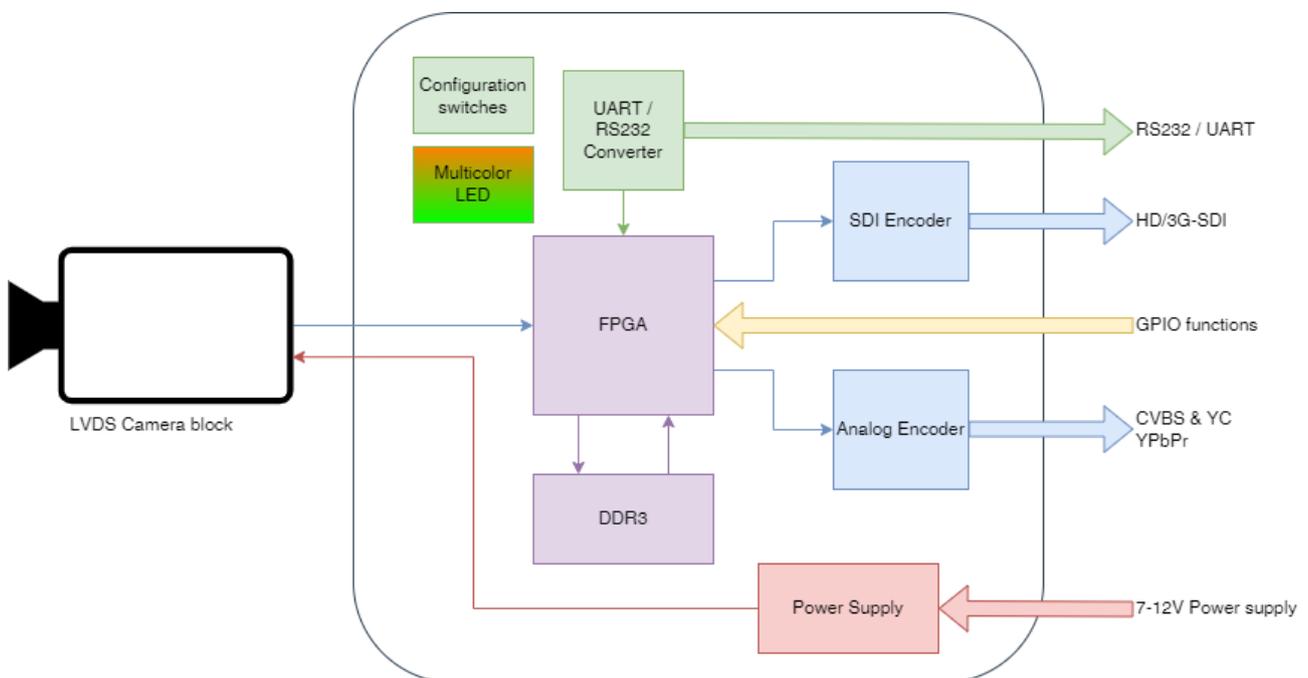
The Premium board has an additional analog output which is perfect to conserve your already-in-use analog system. The dual output 3G and analog will significantly reduce the number of boards, improving the cost and time-to-market. The 3G-SDI Premium module is based on a FPGA associated with DDR3 memory. Combined with i2S's expertise, complex image processing functions can be embedded on real time video flow such as colorimetry tests, measurements, reticules, contrast enhancement, ROI extraction, OSD and even more functions to fit your applications.

The add-on connector on the back side offers an infinity of new functionalities. The 3G-SDI Premium can be directly mounted into your system or connected to custom designed add-on board. Integrated RTC, audio embedded to SDI, second video input are some examples of the new possibilities.

Benefits of this solution

- One single board, two simultaneous video outputs (3G-SDI and analog)
- Analog output generated even if the camera does not provide analog format
- RS232 / TTL serial communication easy switch
- Always keep up to date with an easy software update
- Addon connector for custom needs
- 3G SDI output connector choice between BNC, MCX and SMB
- GPIOs connector to easily send basic VISCA commands (zoom in / out, freeze on / off, focus)

Block diagram



Video acquisition

The main components are the FPGA for video acquisition and the DDR3 for video processing. The board acquires LVDS video from the camera block with no latency deserialization to provide uncompressed 3G-SDI video output via an SDI converter. The DDR3 allows high speed image processing for analog video output in CVBS, Y/C or YPbPr. Real time scaling to allow 4:3 SD video in Letterbox, Squeeze or Crop mode is available.

Communication

An UART / RS232 converter allows the user to select RS232 or UART TTL 3V3 communication. It is easily selectable via a DIP switch.

The DIP switch is used to manage the camera video format too.

A multicolor LED helps to know in which state the board is, it is quick feedback to be sure no error happened.

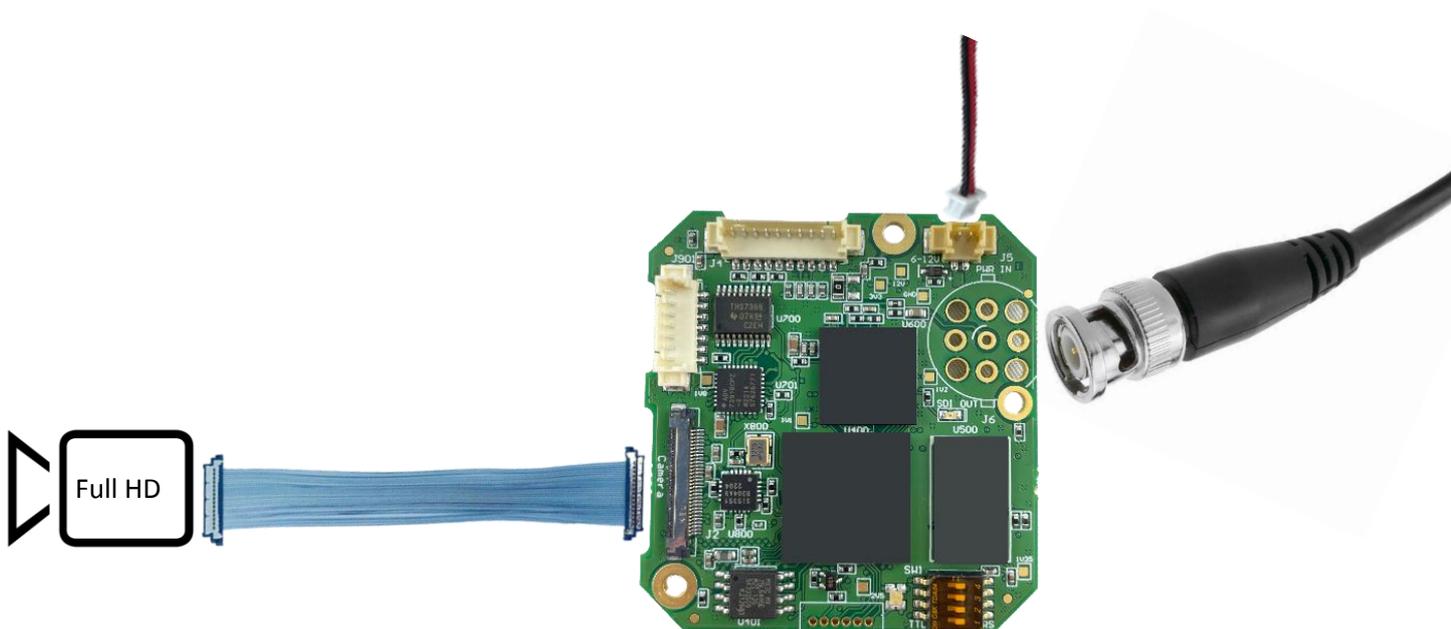
Power supply

The power input through the 2-way connector J5 supports from 7V to 12V (1,5A). The camera is powered by the board.

The board is protected against shortcut and reversed cables.

Accessing the video

Quick setup



Installation steps:

1. Connect the KEL cable between the board J2 and the camera.
2. Connect the SDI cable to the output connector of the board J6 and to the SDI monitor.
3. Connect the 2-way power supply cable on J5 connector. Power input of the board is 7V to 12V (1,5A), red wire is for V+ and black wire is for the ground.
4. Now you can power the board.

Video characteristics

Introduction on video formats

You have two video format types:

- Progressive: displays both the even and odd scan lines (the entire video frame) at the same time. The video formats are listed with the letter 'p'.
- Interlaced: displays even and odd scan lines as separate fields. The even scan lines are drawn on the screen, then the odd scan lines are drawn on the screen. Two of these even and odd scan line fields make up one video frame. The video formats are listed with the letter 'i'.

Notion of LVDS mode:

- It is controlled by the register 74 of the camera (0x00: Single mode, 0x01: Dual mode).
- It is used to increase the video output from 4x LVDS data lines to 8x LVDS data lines. The output clock frequency is still 74,25MHz but with twice more data lanes.
- It is needed to process video formats 1080p50, 1080p59.94 and 1080p60. If the camera itself does not have 4x additional LVDS data lanes, it will output data at 148,5MHz for video formats 1080p50, 1080p59.94 and 1080p60.

On LVDS Full HD cameras blocks you can have several video formats available:

- Full HD Interlaced 1920x1080i: it can be at 50, 59.94 or 60 FPS, the camera must be in Single mode.
- Full HD Progressive 1920x1080p: it can be at 25, 29.97 or 30 FPS, the camera must be in Single mode. It can also be at 50, 59.94 or 60 FPS, with these video formats only, the camera must be in Dual mode to be able to send more data.
- HD Progressive 1280x720p: it can be at 25, 29.97, 30, 50, 59.94 or 60 FPS, the camera must be in single mode.

LVDS video input supported resolutions

The video format from the LVDS camera can be configured by sending VISCA command using the register 72.

| | 25 | 29.97 | 30 | 50 | 59.94 | 60 |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 1280x720p | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 1920x1080p | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓* | ✓* | ✓* |
| 1920x1080i | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

* The video formats 1080p50, 1080p59.94 and 1080p60 require the camera configured in dual lane: register 74 set to 0x01. The others video formats require the register 74 set to 0x00 for single lane.

SDI video output

The output is an 8-bit SDI signal 800mV pp with 75-ohm impedance. It is compliant with SMPTE 424M (3G-SDI) and SMPTE 292M (HD-SDI). The output video format is the same as the camera (see LVDS video input resolutions supported upper).

Different output connector types are available: BNC, SMB or MCX. Please specify the connector you need in the order.



Analog video output

The analog video output is selectable:

- Analog SD:
 - Composite video (CVBS)
 - S-video (Y/C)
- Analog HD:
 - Component video (YPbPr)

The selection is done via internal registers (REG_SD_FORMAT 0x20). The analog video output is available on a 10-pin Molex connector.

According to the analog format you selected you must set the camera in specific video format:

| Output video format | Analog HD (YPbPr) | Analog SD (CVBS and Y/C) |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Input video format supported | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 720p50 ✓ 720p59,94 ✓ 720p60 ✓ 1080p25 ✓ 1080p29,97 ✓ 1080p30 | PAL or NTSC output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 720p50 ✓ 720p59,94 ✓ 720p60 ✓ 1080p25 ✓ 1080p29,97 ✓ 1080p30 ✓ 1080p50 ✓ 1080p59,94 ✓ 1080p60 |

Analog SD video output quality can depend on the camera aperture configuration. Please refer to the datasheet of your camera and use the command "CAM_Aperture" to optimize the video quality.

Please note that the PAL or NTSC format is controlled by the register REG_SD_FPS 0x21.
3 modes can be selected via internal registers in analog SD 4:3:



Figure 1: Letterbox



Figure 2: Squeeze



Figure 3: Crop

System configuration

Communication

Communication with the camera can be done through J4 connector.

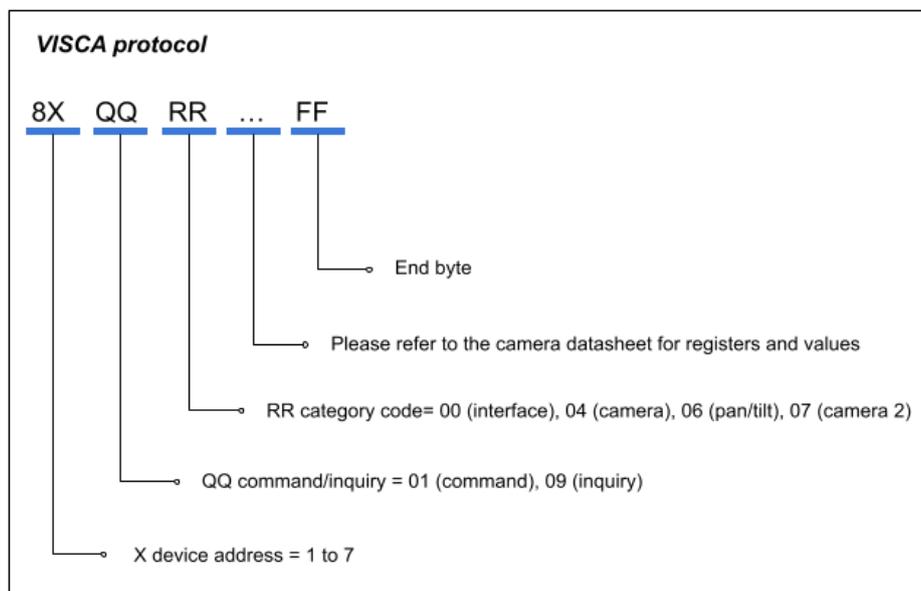
It can be set to either RS232 mode (according to EIA RS-232 specification) or TTL mode (UART with 3.3V compatibility).

Selection between both modes is done by SW1 switch:

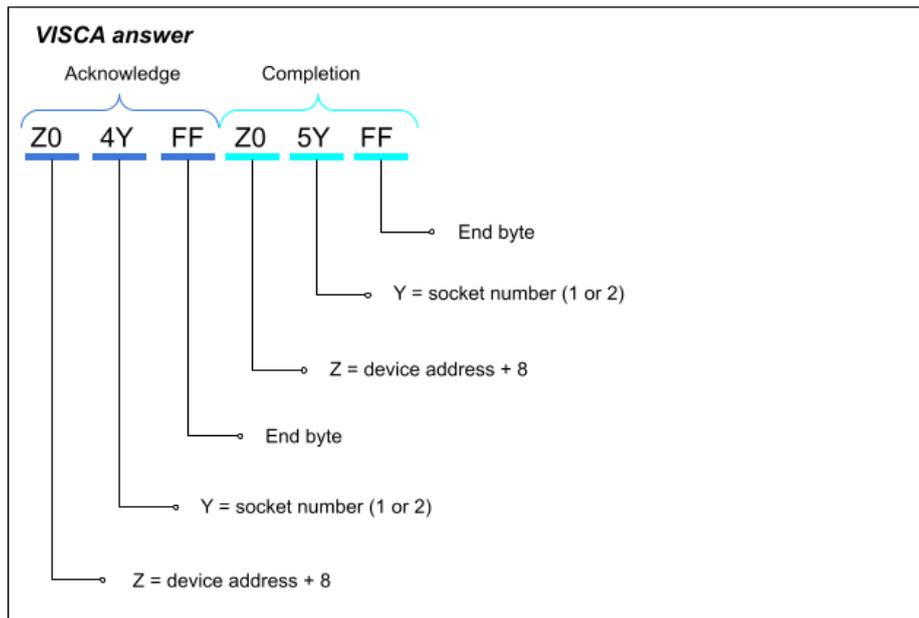
| SW1 | Configuration |
|-----|---------------|
| OFF | RS232 |
| ON | TTL |

To the camera

The camera communication uses VISCA protocol and will follow camera specifications. It is a standard protocol for camera blocks following this structure:

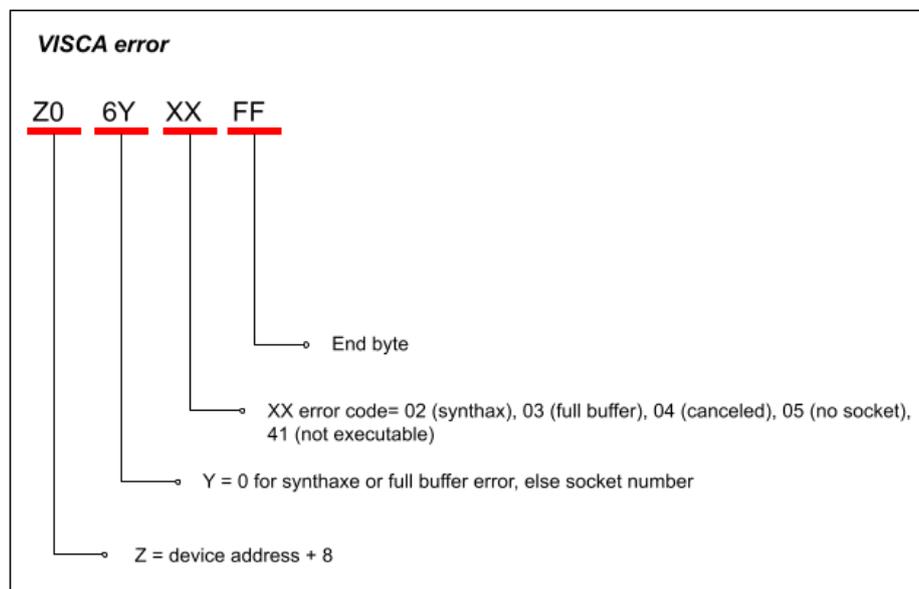


The camera answer follows this structure:



The time between the acknowledgement and the completion packet depends on the command. The answer for an inquiry is Z0 5Y followed by the information requested with FF as end byte.

If an error occurs, here the answer structure:



Example: Zoom In command with a speed of 7 is 0x81 01 04 07 27 FF and the expected answer is 0x90 41 FF followed by 0x90 51 FF.

You can communicate using communication software like Termite or the camera brand communication tool like Sony FCB Control software.

To the internal registers

The board parameters are accessible from the connector J4 with VISCA protocol at Address 0x82.

| Register name | Addr | Saved | Set command | Comments | Inquiry command | Inquiry answer |
|----------------------|------|-------|------------------------|--|------------------|---------------------|
| REG_FPGA_VERSION_H | 0x01 | No | NA | Software version MSB | 0x82 09 06 01 FF | 0xA0 50 01 00 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_VERSION_L | 0x02 | No | NA | Software version LSB | 0x82 09 06 02 FF | 0xA0 50 02 00 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_VERSION_MIC | 0x03 | No | NA | Software version micro | 0x82 09 06 03 FF | 0xA0 50 03 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_TEMPERATURE | 0x04 | No | NA | See Annex 1 | 0x82 09 06 04 FF | 0xA0 50 04 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_REBOOT | 0x05 | No | 0x82 01 06 05 00 01 FF | Reboot the FPGA | NA | NA |
| REG_FPGA_NB_BOOT_H | 0x07 | No | NA | Boot counter High | 0x82 09 06 07 FF | 0xA0 50 07 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_NB_BOOT_M | 0x08 | No | NA | Boot counter Middle | 0x82 09 06 08 FF | 0xA0 50 08 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_NB_BOOT_L | 0x09 | No | NA | Boot counter Low | 0x82 09 06 09 FF | 0xA0 50 09 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_RUNTIME_H | 0x0A | No | NA | Runtime High | 0x82 09 06 0A FF | 0xA0 50 0A 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_RUNTIME_MH | 0x0B | No | NA | Runtime Middle High | 0x82 09 06 0B FF | 0xA0 50 0B 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_RUNTIME_ML | 0x0C | No | NA | Runtime Middle Low | 0x82 09 06 0C FF | 0xA0 50 0C 0y 0y FF |
| REG_FPGA_RUNTIME_L | 0x0D | No | NA | Runtime Low | 0x82 09 06 0D FF | 0xA0 50 0D 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GENNUM_STS_H | 0x10 | No | NA | Genum status reg 004 MSB | 0x82 09 06 10 FF | 0xA0 50 10 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GENNUM_STS_L | 0x11 | No | NA | Genum status reg 004 LSB | 0x82 09 06 11 FF | 0xA0 50 11 0y 0y FF |
| REG_DBG_LED | 0x12 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 12 0y 0y FF | 0x00: LED OFF 0x01: LED ON | 0x82 09 06 12 FF | 0xA0 50 12 00 0y FF |
| REG_CONFIG_SAVE | 0x13 | No | 0x82 01 06 13 00 01 FF | Save registers values to flash | NA | NA |
| REG_CONFIG_LOAD | 0x14 | No | 0x82 01 06 14 00 01 FF | Reload registers values from flash | NA | NA |
| REG_ANALOG_FORMAT | 0x20 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 20 00 0y FF | 0x00: CVBS / S-Video 0x01: YPbPr | 0x82 09 06 20 FF | 0xA0 50 20 00 0y FF |
| REG_SD_FORMAT | 0x21 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 21 00 0y FF | 0x00: PAL 0x01: NTSC | 0x82 09 06 21 FF | 0xA0 50 21 00 0y FF |
| REG_SD_RESIZE | 0x22 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 22 00 0y FF | 0x01: Letter box 0x02: Squeeze 0x03: Crop | 0x82 09 06 22 FF | 0xA0 50 22 00 0y FF |
| REG_PATTERN_ENABLE | 0x23 | No | 0x82 01 06 23 00 0y FF | 0x00: Disabled 0x01: Enabled | 0x82 09 06 23 FF | 0xA0 50 23 00 0y FF |
| REG_Y_PATTERN | 0x24 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 24 0y 0y FF | Y value of pattern | 0x82 09 06 24 FF | 0xA0 50 24 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CB_PATTERN | 0x25 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 25 0y 0y FF | Cb value of pattern | 0x82 09 06 25 FF | 0xA0 50 25 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CR_PATTERN | 0x26 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 26 0y 0y FF | Cr value of pattern | 0x82 09 06 26 FF | 0xA0 50 26 0y 0y FF |
| REG_VIDEO_FORMAT | 0x27 | No | NA | See Annex 2 | 0x82 09 06 27 FF | 0xA0 50 27 0y 0y FF |
| REG_VIDEO_DETECTED | 0x28 | No | NA | 0x01: video detected Other: not detected | 0x82 09 06 28 FF | 0xA0 50 28 00 0y FF |
| REG_INTERLACED_N | 0x29 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 29 0y 0y FF | 0x00: progressive to interlaced conversion ON 0x01: conversion OFF* | 0x82 09 06 29 FF | 0xA0 50 29 00 0y FF |
| REG_CAM_VENDOR_ID_H | 0x30 | No | NA | Camera vendor ID MSB | 0x82 09 06 30 FF | 0xA0 50 30 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CAM_VENDOR_ID_L | 0x31 | No | NA | Camera vendor ID LSB | 0x82 09 06 31 FF | 0xA0 50 31 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CAM_MODEL_ID_H | 0x32 | No | NA | Camera model ID MSB | 0x82 09 06 32 FF | 0xA0 50 32 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CAM_MODEL_ID_L | 0x33 | No | NA | Camera model ID LSB | 0x82 09 06 33 FF | 0xA0 50 33 0y 0y FF |
| REG_CAM_UART_BYPASS | 0x34 | No | 0x82 01 06 34 0A 05 FF | Bypass the communication for camera update ** | N/A | N/A |

| Register name | Addr | Saved | Set command | Comments | Inquiry command | Inquiry answer |
|-----------------|------|-------|------------------------|---|------------------|---------------------|
| REG_GPIO_STATE | 0x40 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 40 0y 0y FF | yy = 0b00xxxxxx (x=0 for output, x=1 for input) | 0x82 09 06 40 FF | 0xA0 50 40 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_OUTPUT | 0x41 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 41 0y 0y FF | yy = 0b00xxxxxx (x=0 for < 200mV, x=1 for = 3V3) | 0x82 09 06 41 FF | 0xA0 50 41 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_INPUT | 0x42 | No | NA | yy = 0b00xxxxxx (x=0 for < 200mV, x=1 for = 3V3) | 0x82 09 06 42 FF | 0xA0 50 42 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_1_CMD | 0x43 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 43 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 43 FF | 0xA0 50 43 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_2_CMD | 0x44 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 44 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 44 FF | 0xA0 50 44 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_3_CMD | 0x45 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 45 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 45 FF | 0xA0 50 45 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_4_CMD | 0x46 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 46 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 46 FF | 0xA0 50 46 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_5_CMD | 0x47 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 47 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 47 FF | 0xA0 50 47 0y 0y FF |
| REG_GPIO_6_CMD | 0x48 | Yes | 0x82 01 06 48 0y 0y FF | VISCA command to send to the camera in input mode *** | 0x82 09 06 48 FF | 0xA0 50 48 0y 0y FF |

* **Note:** The progressive to interlaced conversion works only for input formats: 1080p50/59.94/60.

** **Note:** The board needs to be restarted after the camera update to enable the communication again. Be sure that your camera can be updated only using the Kel cable (no need to connect any FFC cable).

*** **Note:** In input configuration the GPIOs are active low and output value is not taken into account. Here the VISCA commands you can select to be sent when the GPIO is activated:

| Configuration | Action | Control | VISCA command |
|---|---------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0x00: Zoom In | Press | Zoom In | 0x81 01 04 07 02 FF |
| | Release | Zoom Stop | 0x81 01 04 07 00 FF |
| 0x01: Zoom Out | Press | Zoom Out | 0x81 01 04 07 03 FF |
| | Release | Zoom Stop | 0x81 01 04 07 00 FF |
| 0x02: Zoom In variable speed | Press | Zoom In variable speed (Y) | 0x81 01 04 07 2Y FF |
| | Release | Zoom Stop | 0x81 01 04 07 00 FF |
| 0x03: Zoom Out variable speed | Press | Zoom Out variable speed (Y) | 0x81 01 04 07 3Y FF |
| | Release | Zoom Stop | 0x81 01 04 07 00 FF |
| 0x04: Focus switch Manual / Auto | Press | Focus switch Manual / Auto | 0x81 01 04 38 10 FF |
| | Release | | |
| 0x05: Focus one push | Press | Focus one push | 0x81 01 04 18 01 FF |
| | Release | | |
| 0x06: Focus far | Press | Focus Far | 0x81 01 04 08 02 FF |
| | Release | Focus Stop | 0x81 01 04 08 00 FF |
| 0x07: Focus near | Press | Focus Near | 0x81 01 04 08 03 FF |
| | Release | Focus Stop | 0x81 01 04 08 00 FF |
| 0x08: Freeze toggle | Press | Freeze toggle | 0x81 01 04 62 0Y FF |
| | Release | | (Y=2 for ON, Y=3 for OFF) |
| 0x09: Mirror toggle | Press | Mirror toggle | 0x81 01 04 61 0X FF |
| | Release | | (Y=2 for ON, Y=3 for OFF) |
| 0x0A: Flip toggle | Press | Flip toggle | 0x81 01 04 66 0Y FF |
| | Release | | (Y=2 for ON, Y=3 for OFF) |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 0x0B: Mute toggle | Press Release | Mute toggle | 0x81 01 04 75 10 FF |
| 0x0C: Memory preset | Short press Pressed more than 1 second | Memory preset Recall Memory preset Set | 0x81 01 04 3F 02 0Y FF 0x81 01 04 3F 01 0Y FF with Y corresponding to the preset number (set at the GPIO number) |
| 0xFF: No command sent | Press Release | Nothing | Nothing |

Examples:

- Use GPIO 1 as input for Freeze toggle: input is the default configuration, send the command 0x82 01 06 43 00 08 FF to attribute the function and save command 0x82 01 06 13 00 01 FF.
- Use GPIO 3 as input for polling only: input is the default configuration, send the command 0x82 01 06 45 0F 0F FF to attribute no function avoiding sending VISCA command to the camera when the GPIO is active, and save command 0x82 01 06 13 00 01 FF.
Polling is done by reading register REG_GPIO_INPUT with this command 0x82 09 06 42 FF. Each GPIO value is read in a bit of the answer: 0xA0 50 42 0y 0y FF with yy = 0b00xxxxxx.
- Use GPIO 5 as output: send command 0x82 01 06 40 02 0F FF (0x2F = 0b00101111, will configure GPIO 5 as output and the others as inputs) and save command 0x82 01 06 13 00 01 FF.
Set output level: send command 0x82 01 06 41 0y 0y FF with yy = 0b00010000 for GPIO 5 high level (3V3) and yy = 0b00000000 for GPIO 5 low level (0V) and save if needed.

Control camera video format

Three DIP switches are used to select the video format of the camera. The board checks, when the camera power is on, if the camera video format corresponds to the switches, otherwise it sends a VISCA command to change the format. It can be changed dynamically; the system will automatically detect the format change and display the video in the format requested. An "External" mode is available to use the actual format of the camera, it does not change the video format of the camera.

| SW2 | SW3 | SW4 | Configuration |
|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------|
| OFF | OFF | OFF | Default camera format |
| OFF | OFF | ON | 1080p30 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | 1080p25 |
| OFF | ON | ON | 1080p60 |
| ON | OFF | OFF | 1080p50 |
| ON | OFF | ON | 720p60 |
| ON | ON | OFF | 720p50 |
| ON | ON | ON | 1080i60 |

Please note that video formats can depend on the camera model used.

GPIOs

Six GPIOs are available on J901 connector, please find below their default input configuration which can be changed using internal registers:

| Pin | Action | Control |
|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| GPIO 1 | Press Release | Zoom + Zoom stop |
| GPIO 2 | Press Release | Zoom – Zoom stop |
| GPIO 3 | Press Release | Focus Auto / Manual |
| GPIO 4 | Press Release | Focus near Focus stop |
| GPIO 5 | Press Release | Focus far Focus stop |
| GPIO 6 | Press Release | Image freeze toggle |

To activate it you need to connect the pin to the ground. ESD filters and anti-bounce have been added. You can use existing keyboard to easily control them.

Please note that in output state, the low level is <200mV and high level is 3V3.

Board status

The board can be in 4 different states:

- Initialization: the video format and the camera are not detected yet.
- Ready: the board is ready to use, the video format has been detected and the camera is recognized.
- Update: an update is ongoing. The board can easily be updated via UART.
- Error: the video format is not supported. The board goes in this state if the initialization phase fails.

The led color shows in which state the board is:

- Flashing yellow: Video format not detected
- Flashing green: Video format detected
- Flashing blue: Update
- Led can be disabled via register REG_DBG_LED (0x12)



Connectors

J4 Analog HD/SD output + COM

| | |
|----|--------------|
| 1 | CVBS OUT |
| 2 | GND |
| 3 | Rx |
| 4 | Tx |
| 5 | GND |
| 6 | Pr / SC OUT |
| 7 | GND |
| 8 | Pb / SC OUT |
| 9 | GND |
| 10 | Y / CVBS OUT |

J5 Power supply

| | |
|---|-------------|
| 1 | GND |
| 2 | 7 to 12 VDC |

J6 BNC / MCX / SMB compatibility



J901 GPIOs (configurable)

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1 | GND |
| 2 | Zoom + |
| 3 | Zoom - |
| 4 | Focus Auto/Manual |
| 5 | Focus Near |
| 6 | Focus Far |
| 7 | Freeze On/Off |

DIP switches Configuration

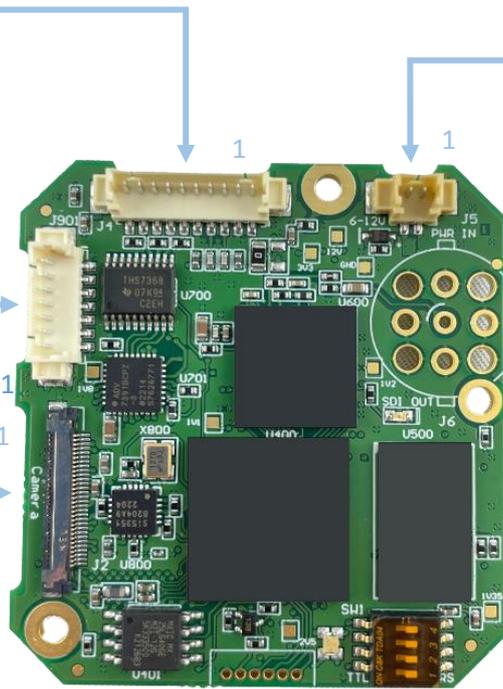
| DIP switches | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Configuration |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| OFF | / | / | / | / | RS232 |
| ON | / | / | / | / | UART TTL |
| / | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | External |
| / | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | 1080p30 |
| / | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | 1080p25 |
| / | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | 1080p60 |
| / | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | 1080p50 |
| / | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | 720p60 |
| / | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | 720p50 |
| / | ON | ON | ON | ON | 1080i60 |

J2 LVDS input

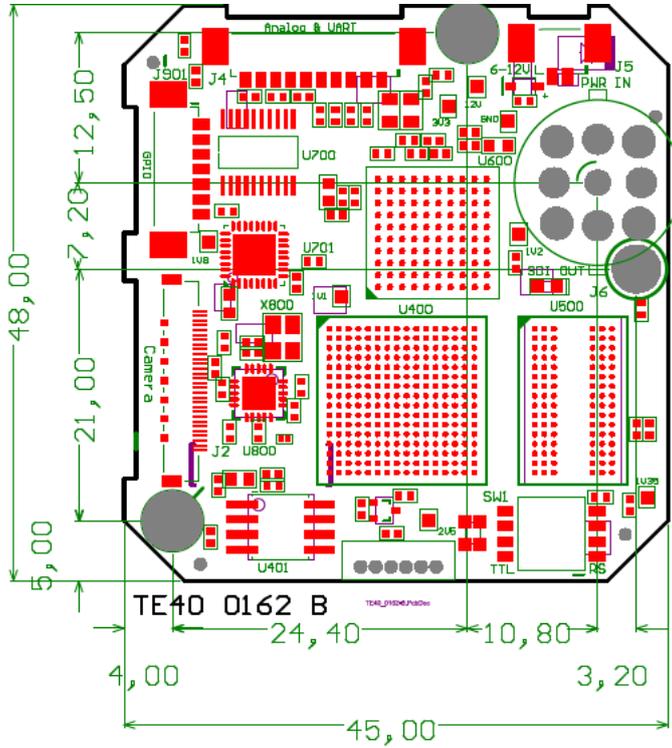
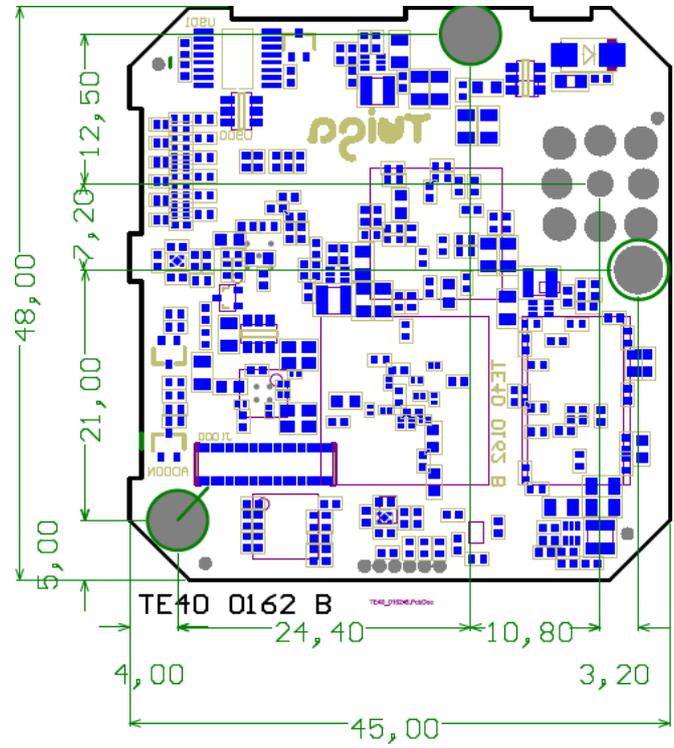
| | |
|----|------------------------|
| 1 | TX4- |
| 2 | TX4+ |
| 3 | TX5- |
| 4 | TX5+ |
| 5 | Reset |
| 6 | NC |
| 7 | TX6- |
| 8 | TX6+ |
| 9 | TX7- |
| 10 | TX7+ |
| 11 | GND |
| 12 | GND |
| 13 | VCAM |
| 14 | VCAM |
| 15 | VCAM |
| 16 | VCAM |
| 17 | VCAM |
| 18 | RxD (TTL camera input) |
| 19 | TxD (TTL camera input) |
| 20 | GND |
| 21 | TX0- |
| 22 | TX0+ |
| 23 | TX1- |
| 24 | TX1+ |
| 25 | TX2- |
| 26 | TX2+ |
| 27 | TXCLKOUT- |
| 28 | TXCLKOUT+ |
| 29 | TX3- |
| 30 | TX3+ |

J1000 Board to Board connector

Extended functionalities



Form factor

TOP

BOTTOM


48mm (H) x 45mm (W) x 18mm (D)

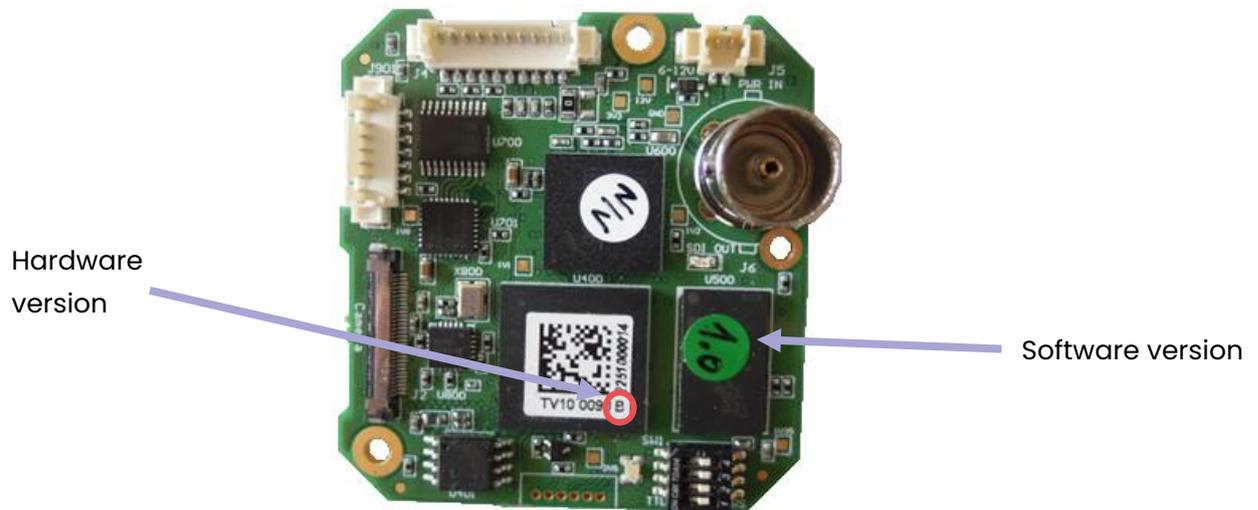
4 holes Ø 3mm

15g

Troubleshooting

Get hardware and software version

The hardware version is a letter written close to the reference of the board TV10 0090. The software version is written on a green sticker stuck on the top side of the board. Be careful, 3G/HD-SDI Premium can be updated by the customer, in this case the green sticker could be at a wrong version. You can still read internal registers to get the correct version.



Update via UART

An update of the board is possible by distance, you need an UART connection with the board and a Java application made by i2S.

If you do not have this tool, please send us a mail at info@i2s.fr specifying which board you are working with. This way we will give you the right tool to perform the software update and the changes involved by the different software.

Common issues

If you have any problem getting the video, here some points you need to check:

- Power supply is correctly connected to the board, no consuming issue or overheating of the board.
- No damaged cable, you can check using other 30-way Kel cable, if possible, check the output cable used to get the video
- Check your display compatibility with the video format you want to read
- The video format of the camera is correct and supported by the board
- The LVDS mode of the camera (register 74) is adapted to your video format: dual mode (value 0x01) for 1080p50, 1080p59.94 and 1080p60, or single mode (value 0x00) for other video formats.
- Try with another LVDS compatible camera to be sure the issue is not coming from the camera

If you are not able to find the cause of the issue, please contact us at info@i2s.fr and we will give you support. Explain us the problem you are facing with as much details as possible and please add the hardware and software version of your board.

Annex

Annex 1: FPGA temperature table

Here the table to get the FPGA temperature (°C) from the value read in the register 0x04.

| Register value read | FPGA temperature (°C) |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 0x00 | -58 |
| 0x01 | -56 |
| 0x02 | -54 |
| 0x03 | -52 |
| 0x04 | -45 |
| 0x05 | -44 |
| 0x06 | -43 |
| 0x07 | -42 |
| 0x08 | -41 |
| 0x09 | -40 |
| 0x0A | -39 |
| 0x0B | -38 |
| 0x0C | -37 |
| 0x0D | -36 |
| 0x0E | -30 |
| 0x0F | -20 |
| 0x10 | -10 |
| 0x11 | -4 |
| 0x12 | 0 |
| 0x13 | 4 |
| 0x14 | 10 |
| 0x15 | 21 |
| 0x16 | 22 |
| 0x17 | 23 |
| 0x18 | 24 |
| 0x19 | 25 |
| 0x1A | 26 |
| 0x1B | 27 |
| 0x1C | 28 |
| 0x1D | 29 |
| 0x1E | 40 |
| 0x1F | 50 |
| 0x20 | 60 |
| 0x21 | 70 |
| 0x22 | 76 |
| 0x23 | 80 |
| 0x24 | 81 |
| 0x25 | 82 |
| 0x26 | 83 |
| 0x27 | 84 |
| 0x28 | 85 |
| 0x29 | 86 |
| 0x2A | 87 |
| 0x2B | 88 |
| 0x2C | 89 |
| 0x2D | 95 |

| | |
|------|-----|
| 0x2E | 96 |
| 0x2F | 97 |
| 0x30 | 98 |
| 0x31 | 99 |
| 0x32 | 100 |
| 0x33 | 101 |
| 0x34 | 102 |
| 0x35 | 103 |
| 0x36 | 104 |
| 0x37 | 105 |
| 0x38 | 106 |
| 0x39 | 107 |
| 0x3A | 108 |
| 0x3B | 116 |
| 0x3C | 120 |
| 0x3D | 124 |
| 0x3E | 128 |
| 0x3F | 132 |

Annex 2: Video format table

Here the table to get the video format from the value read in the register 0x27.

| Register value read | Video format |
|---------------------|--------------|
| 0x00 | No video |
| 0x01 | Unknown |
| 0x20 | 720p25 |
| 0x21 | 720p29,97 |
| 0x22 | 720p30 |
| 0x23 | 720p50 |
| 0x24 | 720p59,94 |
| 0x25 | 720p60 |
| 0x26 | 1080i50 |
| 0x27 | 1080i59,94 |
| 0x28 | 1080i60 |
| 0x29 | 1080p25 |
| 0x2A | 1080p29,97 |
| 0x2B | 1080p30 |
| 0x40 | 1080p50 |
| 0x41 | 1080p59,94 |
| 0x42 | 1080p60 |